

GIA NATURAL DIAMOND GRADING REPORT

November 26, 2024 GIA Report Number 2221835758 Shape and Cutting Style Oval Brilliant

GRADING RESULTS

Carat Weight 5.12 carat Color Grade Clarity Grade Internally Flawless

ADDITIONAL GRADING INFORMATION

Polish ... Excellent Symmetry Excellent Fluorescence None Inscription(s): GIA 2221835758

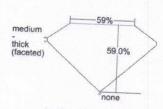
Comments: Minor details of polish are not shown.

GIA REPORT

2221835758

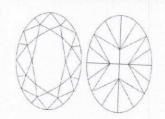
Varify this report at GIA.000

PROPORTIONS



Profile not to actual proportions

CLARITY CHARACTERISTICS



FACSIMILE

This is a digital representation of the oniginal file Report. This representation origins each secrepted in line of the oniginal file Report is certain charmstances. The original file Report includes certain occurring the original file Report includes certain occurring the original file.

GRADINE SCALES

	DIA		GIA	
COLOR			CLARITY	
	SCALE		SCALE	
	D			
STIBBIGS	E		FLAWLESS	
25	F		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
	6		INTERNALL	
96.0	H		FLAWLESS	
SESTIMETERS	1	1100FT	VVS,	
	J		VVS,	
THUS.	K	WC 2011 ACREA		
	L			
THEFT	М	1 V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	VS,	
	N	ELEVATORIAL		
	0	O S	VS _y	
	P		0.4	
	0	8.0	SI,	
	R	ORCHIN A TREETS	324	
1883	S	60	SI	
	T	8	31/2	
	U	Ī	-	
	V		I,	
	W	04017060	7	
	χ	20	I,	
	Υ			
	Z		1,	



The results documented in their report refer only in the dismond describes, and were obtained being the techniques and out man available of St. at the time of examination. This report is may available. For additional first matter out immediate an additional first matter out immediate in the second of the second out o





6IA edu



Gemological Institute of America, Inc. 5355 Armada Drive
Carlsbad, CA 92008 USA
T -1 760 603 4500
F -1 760 603 1814
E tabservice@gia.edu
GIA.edu

November 26, 2024

DIAMOND TYPE CLASSIFICATION FOR GIA DIAMOND GRADING REPORT #2221835758

Scientists classify diamonds into two main "types" - type I and type II - based on the presence or absence of nitrogen which can replace carbon atoms in a diamond's atomic structure. These two diamond types can be distinguished on the basis of differences in their chemical and physical properties. Type II diamonds contain little if any nitrogen and they are subdivided into two groups (IIa and IIb) both of which are quite rare (less than 2% of all gem diamonds).

According to the records of the GIA Laboratory, the 5.12 carat Oval Brilliant diamond described in GIA Diamond Grading Report #2221835758 has been determined to be a type IIa diamond. Type IIa diamonds are the most chemically pure type of diamond and often have exceptional optical transparency. Type IIa diamonds were first identified as originating from India (particularly from the Golconda region) but have since been recovered in all major diamond-producing regions of the world.

Among famous gem diamonds, the 530.20 carat Cullinan I and the 105.60 carat Koh-i-noor are examples of type IIa.